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# 1-(1*H*-1,2,3-Benzotriazol-1-yl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethanone

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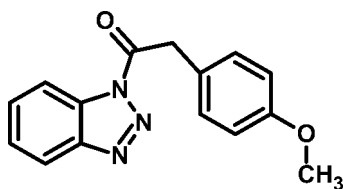
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 296$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.039;  $wR$  factor = 0.109; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.9.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{13}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$ , the dihedral angle between the benzotriazole ring system (r.m.s. deviation = 0.0124 Å) and the benzene ring is 76.21 (3)°. The methoxy C atom deviates from its benzene ring plane by 0.063 (2) Å. In the crystal, inversion dimers linked by pairs of  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds generate  $R_2^2(12)$  loops.

## Related literature

For chemical background, see: Katritzky *et al.* (1996*a,b*, 2005, 2010). For a related structure, see: Selvarathy Grace *et al.* (2012). For related literature, see: Zou *et al.* (2006).



## Experimental

### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{13}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$   
 $M_r = 267.28$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 5.4209$  (1) Å

$b = 24.4894$  (5) Å  
 $c = 10.0555$  (2) Å  
 $\beta = 98.552$  (2)°  
 $V = 1320.07$  (4) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$

Cu  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.75$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 296$  K  
 $0.34 \times 0.17 \times 0.16$  mm

### Data collection

Agilent SuperNova (Dual, Cu at zero, Atlas CCD) diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis PRO*; Agilent, 2012)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.784$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.889$

6122 measured reflections  
 2707 independent reflections  
 2340 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.019$

### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.109$   
 $S = 1.08$   
 2707 reflections

182 parameters  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.14$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.16$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{C5}-\text{H5}\cdots\text{O1}^i$	0.93	2.40	3.1912 (16)	143

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x, -y + 1, -z + 1$ .

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2012); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999) and *X-SEED* (Barbour, 2001).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB6975).

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## supplementary materials

*Acta Cryst.* (2012). E68, o3221 [doi:10.1107/S1600536812043759]

**1-(1*H*-1,2,3-Benzotriazol-1-yl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethanone**

**Abdullah M. Asiri, Nader E. Abo-Dya, Muhammad Nadeem Arshad, Khalid A. Alamry and Muhammad Shafiq**

**Comment**

*N*-Acybenzotriazoles are mild, regioselective and regiospecific reagents for *N*-, *O*-, *C*-, and *S*-acylation (Katritzky *et al.*, 2010), & (Katritzky *et al.*, 1996*a*). The title compound was previously converted into of a 1,3-diarylacetonone (Katritzky *et al.*, 2005) and an aryl benzyl sulfoxide (Katritzky *et al.*, 1996*b*).

The title compound is related in structure with 1-benzyl-1*H*-benzotriazole (Selvarathy Grace *et al.*, 2012). The benzotriazole ring is almost planer with r.m.s. deviation of fitted non-hydrogen atoms (C1—C6/N1/N2/N3) is 0.0124 Å. The oxygen atom of carbonyl group is displaced at 0.0724 (2) Å with respect to benzotriazole. The methoxy benzene ring (C9—C14) is orientedted at dihedral angle of 76.21 (3)° with respect to benzotriazole rings. The C—H···O type weak hydrogen bonding interaction results in dimers about inversion center and generate twelve membered ring motif  $R_2^2(12)$  (Table. 1, Fig. 2).

**Experimental**

A solution of thionyl chloride (0.4 ml, 5.5 mmol) and benzotriazole (1.79 g., 15 mmol) in methylene chloride (30 ml) was stirred at 293 K for 30 minutes. 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)acetic acid (0.83 g., 5 mmol) was then added and the heterogeneous mixture was stirred for 2 hr. The solid was filtered and methylene chloride (50mL) was added to the filtrate. The organic layer was extracted with saturated Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (3 × 15 ml), brine (2 × 5 ml) and dried over anhyd. Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Evaporation of methylene chloride solution afforded colourless prisms (1.21 g., 90% yield).

**Refinement**

All the C—H and H-atoms were positioned with idealized geometry with C—H = 0.93 Å for aromatic, C—H = 0.97 Å for methylene & C—H = 0.96 Å for methyl groups. H-atoms were refined as riding with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = kU_{\text{eq}}(\text{C, N})$ , where  $k = 1.2$  for aromatic & methylene and  $k = 1.5$  for methyl H-atoms.

**Computing details**

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2012); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2012); data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2012); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999) and *X-SEED* (Barbour, 2001).

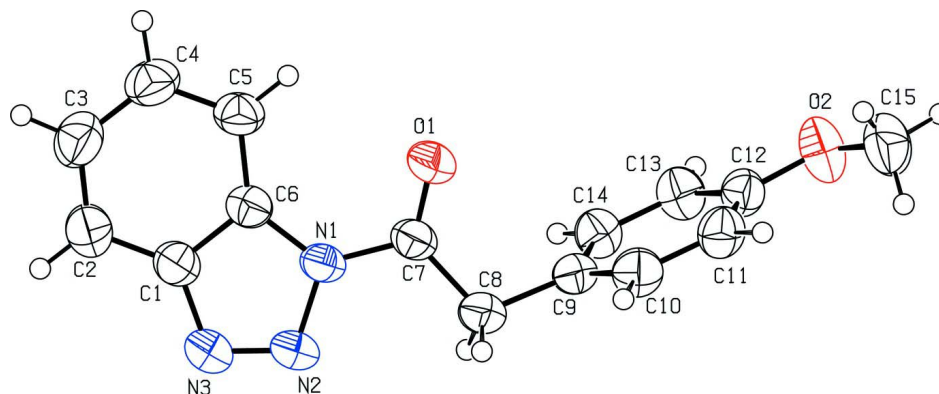


Figure 1

The molecular structure of (I) with 50% displacement ellipsoids.

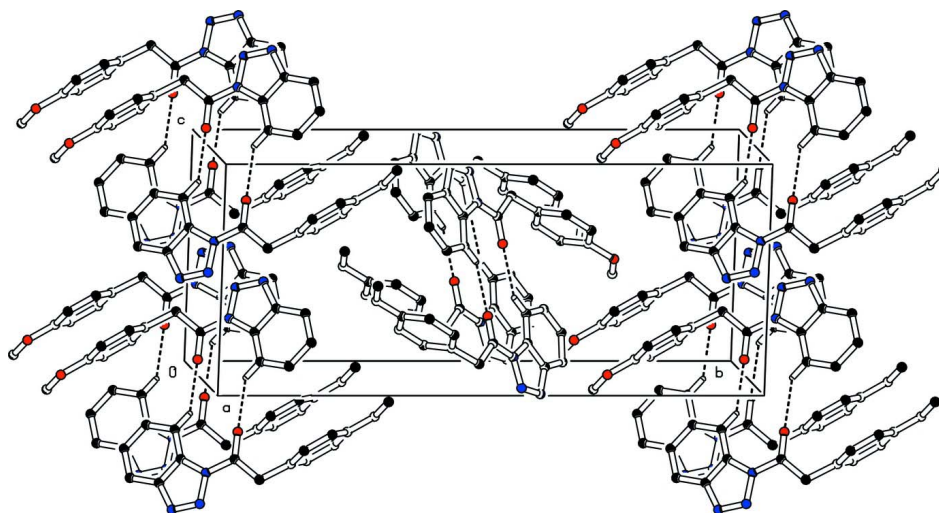


Figure 2

Unit cell packing diagram showing intermolecular hydrogen bonds, drawn using dashed lines. Hydrogen atoms not involved in bonding have been omitted for clarity.

### 1-(1*H*-1,2,3-Benzotriazol-1-yl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethanone

#### Crystal data

$C_{15}H_{13}N_3O_2$

$M_r = 267.28$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol:  $-P 2_1/c$

$a = 5.4209 (1) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 24.4894 (5) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 10.0555 (2) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 98.552 (2)^\circ$

$V = 1320.07 (4) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 560$

$D_x = 1.345 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Cu  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 1.54184 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 3661 reflections

$\theta = 4.4\text{--}76.0^\circ$

$\mu = 0.75 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 296 \text{ K}$

Prismatic, colorless

$0.34 \times 0.17 \times 0.16 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Agilent SuperNova (Dual, Cu at zero, Atlas CCD) diffractometer	$T_{\min} = 0.784$ , $T_{\max} = 0.889$
Radiation source: SuperNova (Cu) X-ray Source	6122 measured reflections
Mirror monochromator	2707 independent reflections
$\omega$ scans	2340 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrysAlis PRO; Agilent, 2012)	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.019$
	$\theta_{\max} = 76.2^\circ$ , $\theta_{\min} = 4.8^\circ$
	$h = -6 \rightarrow 4$
	$k = -29 \rightarrow 30$
	$l = -12 \rightarrow 12$

Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.109$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0527P)^2 + 0.1534P]$
$S = 1.08$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2707 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
182 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.14 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.16 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	

Special details

**Geometry.** All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional R-factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and R-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.2197 (2)	0.47488 (5)	0.37631 (10)	0.0750 (3)
O2	0.5718 (2)	0.24790 (4)	0.49538 (12)	0.0737 (3)
N1	0.17264 (19)	0.52715 (4)	0.19212 (9)	0.0463 (2)
N2	0.2345 (2)	0.54066 (5)	0.06808 (11)	0.0581 (3)
N3	0.1096 (2)	0.58305 (5)	0.02364 (12)	0.0640 (3)
C1	-0.0418 (2)	0.59893 (5)	0.11725 (13)	0.0517 (3)
C2	-0.2135 (3)	0.64152 (6)	0.11304 (15)	0.0647 (4)
H2	-0.2396	0.6657	0.0410	0.078*
C3	-0.3418 (3)	0.64602 (7)	0.21992 (16)	0.0680 (4)
H3	-0.4572	0.6741	0.2207	0.082*
C4	-0.3036 (3)	0.60952 (6)	0.32785 (15)	0.0639 (4)
H4	-0.3955	0.6139	0.3982	0.077*
C5	-0.1351 (3)	0.56739 (6)	0.33368 (13)	0.0538 (3)
H5	-0.1104	0.5431	0.4056	0.065*
C6	-0.0036 (2)	0.56326 (5)	0.22524 (11)	0.0445 (3)
C7	0.2792 (2)	0.48237 (5)	0.26753 (12)	0.0482 (3)

C8	0.4576 (2)	0.44711 (5)	0.20553 (13)	0.0522 (3)
H8A	0.6154	0.4661	0.2081	0.063*
H8B	0.3910	0.4401	0.1122	0.063*
C9	0.5001 (2)	0.39358 (5)	0.28009 (12)	0.0463 (3)
C10	0.7140 (2)	0.38340 (6)	0.36909 (14)	0.0553 (3)
H10	0.8398	0.4096	0.3802	0.066*
C11	0.7477 (2)	0.33526 (6)	0.44275 (14)	0.0559 (3)
H11	0.8941	0.3294	0.5020	0.067*
C12	0.5628 (2)	0.29645 (5)	0.42717 (13)	0.0501 (3)
C13	0.3460 (2)	0.30573 (6)	0.33780 (14)	0.0548 (3)
H13	0.2207	0.2795	0.3265	0.066*
C14	0.3161 (2)	0.35371 (5)	0.26571 (13)	0.0515 (3)
H14	0.1698	0.3595	0.2063	0.062*
C15	0.7849 (3)	0.23650 (8)	0.59061 (19)	0.0839 (5)
H15A	0.9308	0.2370	0.5469	0.126*
H15B	0.7676	0.2011	0.6293	0.126*
H15C	0.8010	0.2637	0.6602	0.126*

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
O1	0.1114 (9)	0.0677 (7)	0.0547 (6)	0.0257 (6)	0.0415 (6)	0.0192 (5)
O2	0.0810 (7)	0.0529 (6)	0.0814 (7)	-0.0002 (5)	-0.0071 (6)	0.0172 (5)
N1	0.0552 (5)	0.0463 (5)	0.0402 (5)	-0.0011 (4)	0.0166 (4)	0.0041 (4)
N2	0.0705 (7)	0.0606 (7)	0.0485 (6)	0.0056 (5)	0.0264 (5)	0.0127 (5)
N3	0.0781 (8)	0.0648 (7)	0.0534 (6)	0.0118 (6)	0.0244 (6)	0.0174 (5)
C1	0.0591 (7)	0.0498 (7)	0.0473 (6)	-0.0008 (5)	0.0118 (5)	0.0039 (5)
C2	0.0755 (9)	0.0577 (8)	0.0610 (8)	0.0103 (7)	0.0102 (7)	0.0080 (7)
C3	0.0720 (9)	0.0591 (9)	0.0735 (10)	0.0127 (7)	0.0128 (7)	-0.0067 (7)
C4	0.0719 (9)	0.0647 (9)	0.0591 (8)	0.0034 (7)	0.0230 (7)	-0.0109 (7)
C5	0.0671 (8)	0.0536 (7)	0.0432 (6)	-0.0022 (6)	0.0168 (6)	-0.0032 (5)
C6	0.0509 (6)	0.0425 (6)	0.0409 (6)	-0.0059 (5)	0.0092 (5)	-0.0029 (5)
C7	0.0583 (7)	0.0450 (6)	0.0438 (6)	-0.0031 (5)	0.0160 (5)	0.0044 (5)
C8	0.0561 (7)	0.0517 (7)	0.0525 (7)	-0.0008 (5)	0.0203 (5)	0.0058 (5)
C9	0.0460 (6)	0.0478 (6)	0.0475 (6)	0.0016 (5)	0.0149 (5)	0.0007 (5)
C10	0.0427 (6)	0.0570 (8)	0.0664 (8)	-0.0075 (5)	0.0089 (5)	0.0013 (6)
C11	0.0431 (6)	0.0616 (8)	0.0608 (8)	0.0038 (5)	0.0007 (5)	0.0016 (6)
C12	0.0540 (6)	0.0449 (6)	0.0513 (7)	0.0041 (5)	0.0075 (5)	-0.0001 (5)
C13	0.0527 (7)	0.0493 (7)	0.0603 (7)	-0.0088 (5)	0.0008 (6)	0.0007 (6)
C14	0.0473 (6)	0.0539 (7)	0.0514 (6)	-0.0020 (5)	0.0011 (5)	0.0014 (5)
C15	0.0787 (10)	0.0842 (12)	0.0863 (11)	0.0217 (9)	0.0046 (9)	0.0308 (10)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

O1—C7	1.1997 (14)	C7—C8	1.4997 (18)
O2—C12	1.3700 (16)	C8—C9	1.5106 (17)
O2—C15	1.414 (2)	C8—H8A	0.9700
N1—C6	1.3785 (16)	C8—H8B	0.9700
N1—N2	1.3792 (13)	C9—C10	1.3783 (18)
N1—C7	1.4075 (16)	C9—C14	1.3879 (17)

N2—N3	1.2829 (16)	C10—C11	1.3898 (19)
N3—C1	1.3928 (17)	C10—H10	0.9300
C1—C6	1.3849 (17)	C11—C12	1.3732 (18)
C1—C2	1.394 (2)	C11—H11	0.9300
C2—C3	1.368 (2)	C12—C13	1.3878 (18)
C2—H2	0.9300	C13—C14	1.3775 (18)
C3—C4	1.398 (2)	C13—H13	0.9300
C3—H3	0.9300	C14—H14	0.9300
C4—C5	1.373 (2)	C15—H15A	0.9600
C4—H4	0.9300	C15—H15B	0.9600
C5—C6	1.3924 (17)	C15—H15C	0.9600
C5—H5	0.9300		
C12—O2—C15	118.34 (13)	C9—C8—H8A	109.5
C6—N1—N2	109.58 (10)	C7—C8—H8B	109.5
C6—N1—C7	127.83 (10)	C9—C8—H8B	109.5
N2—N1—C7	122.59 (10)	H8A—C8—H8B	108.1
N3—N2—N1	108.80 (10)	C10—C9—C14	117.56 (12)
N2—N3—C1	108.91 (10)	C10—C9—C8	122.04 (11)
C6—C1—N3	108.63 (11)	C14—C9—C8	120.32 (11)
C6—C1—C2	121.12 (12)	C9—C10—C11	122.05 (12)
N3—C1—C2	130.24 (12)	C9—C10—H10	119.0
C3—C2—C1	116.83 (13)	C11—C10—H10	119.0
C3—C2—H2	121.6	C12—C11—C10	119.37 (12)
C1—C2—H2	121.6	C12—C11—H11	120.3
C2—C3—C4	121.63 (14)	C10—C11—H11	120.3
C2—C3—H3	119.2	O2—C12—C11	124.94 (12)
C4—C3—H3	119.2	O2—C12—C13	115.46 (12)
C5—C4—C3	122.31 (13)	C11—C12—C13	119.60 (12)
C5—C4—H4	118.8	C14—C13—C12	120.17 (12)
C3—C4—H4	118.8	C14—C13—H13	119.9
C4—C5—C6	115.84 (13)	C12—C13—H13	119.9
C4—C5—H5	122.1	C13—C14—C9	121.25 (12)
C6—C5—H5	122.1	C13—C14—H14	119.4
N1—C6—C1	104.08 (10)	C9—C14—H14	119.4
N1—C6—C5	133.61 (12)	O2—C15—H15A	109.5
C1—C6—C5	122.28 (12)	O2—C15—H15B	109.5
O1—C7—N1	117.76 (11)	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
O1—C7—C8	124.65 (12)	O2—C15—H15C	109.5
N1—C7—C8	117.59 (10)	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
C7—C8—C9	110.69 (10)	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
C7—C8—H8A	109.5		
C6—N1—N2—N3	0.65 (15)	C6—N1—C7—O1	-2.9 (2)
C7—N1—N2—N3	-179.84 (12)	N2—N1—C7—O1	177.64 (13)
N1—N2—N3—C1	-0.39 (16)	C6—N1—C7—C8	176.55 (11)
N2—N3—C1—C6	0.00 (16)	N2—N1—C7—C8	-2.87 (17)
N2—N3—C1—C2	-178.46 (15)	O1—C7—C8—C9	14.73 (19)
C6—C1—C2—C3	-0.3 (2)	N1—C7—C8—C9	-164.72 (11)

N3—C1—C2—C3	178.03 (15)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-103.08 (14)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.3 (2)	C7—C8—C9—C14	73.62 (15)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.4 (3)	C14—C9—C10—C11	-0.1 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.1 (2)	C8—C9—C10—C11	176.70 (12)
N2—N1—C6—C1	-0.62 (13)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-0.1 (2)
C7—N1—C6—C1	179.91 (12)	C15—O2—C12—C11	0.8 (2)
N2—N1—C6—C5	177.24 (13)	C15—O2—C12—C13	-178.41 (14)
C7—N1—C6—C5	-2.2 (2)	C10—C11—C12—O2	-178.87 (13)
N3—C1—C6—N1	0.38 (14)	C10—C11—C12—C13	0.3 (2)
C2—C1—C6—N1	179.01 (13)	O2—C12—C13—C14	178.92 (12)
N3—C1—C6—C5	-177.78 (12)	C11—C12—C13—C14	-0.3 (2)
C2—C1—C6—C5	0.8 (2)	C12—C13—C14—C9	0.1 (2)
C4—C5—C6—N1	-178.29 (13)	C10—C9—C14—C13	0.06 (19)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.75 (19)	C8—C9—C14—C13	-176.78 (12)

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>
C5—H5 $\cdots$ O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.93	2.40	3.1912 (16)	143

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x, -y+1, -z+1$ .